parts of the city reports range from 100° to

Improvements at Fremont.

FREMONT, Neb., July 30 .- [Special Tele-

gram to THE BEE. |-At a special election

held to-day a proposition to vote \$35,000

bonds for extending the water works system

and increasing the wells and pumping ca-pacity, was carried by a vote of 319 for and 101 against. The proposition to vote \$15,000 for paving the intersections of streets was also carried by a vote of 387 for and 32 against. Not half the city's vote was polled on either proposition.

Garfield County Teachers.

awakened and it promises to be an instructive

Emmons Waives Examination.

PAWNEE CITY, Neb., July 30 .- [Special Tel-

egram to THE BEE.]-The murderer Em-

mons was brought back from Beatrice today

He waived examination and is in the keeping of the sheriff. There is but little fear of

AFTER THE WILDCATS.

'Deacon" White Brings Suit Against

the Monarch Insurance Company.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 30 .- [Special Tele

gram to THE BEE]-Suit was begun in the

Inited States district court here to-day by S.

V. White, or "Deacon" White, as he is com-

monly known in Wall street, against the late

Monarch Insurance company and Receiver

recites that just before this insurance com-

pany, which was of the underground order,

failed, Mr B. Fallen, the president, and

later Mr. J. C. Savery, of New York, came to Mr. White and secured a loan of \$10,000, giv-

ing as security notes of Swan Bros., cattle-men of Cheyenne, for nearly that amount. Mr. White claims that the money was ob-

tained under false pretenses, and when Re-ceiver Brandt demanded the Swan notes as collateral, the "Deacon" refused to give

them up and brings a counter-claim for the amount of his loan. It is expected that the

He Will Vote for Harrison.

A Railroad Appointment.

I. N. G. Election.

Emery, of LeMars, major.

wife and three children.

Mason Crry, Ia., July 30 .- [Special Tele

A Coal Miner Drowned.

Dus Moines, Ia., July 30 .- [Special Tele

gram to THE BEE. |-Theodore Grossman, of

Ottawa, was drowned while bathing in the

river there yesterday. His body was found

this morning 800 feet below the place where

Fire At Ackley.

WATERLOO, In., July 30 .- [Special Tele

grem to THE BEE.]-The Ackley house, at

WILSON IS IN CHICAGO.

He Denies That He Left Denver Be-

CHICAGO, July 30 .- George S. Wilson, con-

cerning whom a dispatch from Denver was

widely published on Saturday last, is here.

He denies the rumors that he has been miss-

ing and that he left his partners in Denver

deeply involved on his account; that he

brought away from there any large sum of

money, or has been guilty of any irregular

transaction of any kind. On the contrary,

he says that he has been registered

at the Palmer house, in this city, for three weeks past, and has been

in daily negotiation with leading business men here, and had about consummated ar-rangements for securing enough capital to

take up all outstanding indebtedness there Moreover, he says he has been in frequen

moreover, ne says ne has been in frequent communication with Mr. Lowe, his partner in Denver, who, Mr. Wilson says, is now also here, and who has telegraphed back to II hver requesting the papers there to deny, over his signature, all statements representing Mr. Wilson as having avoided him or having been guilty of any improper business transaction in which he is concerned.

ransaction in which he is concerned.

Mr. Wilson adds that he has reason to be-

lieve that the stories concerning him origi-nated with a certain party in Denver who

has systematically gone to work to break down his credit with a view of himself suc-

ceeding to certain valuable properties which Mr. Wilson has in and near Denver. Mr. Wilson states that he will return to his home

in the course of a day or two, and is confi-dent that he will be able to adjust matters in which he is interested to the satisfaction of

ANOTHER NEGRO OUTRAGE.

Louisiana Whites Murder a Law-

New ORLEANS, July 80 .- [Special Tele-

gram to THE BEE. 1-Repeated outrages

against the blacks are becoming so serious as

to cause thoughts of an exodus. News

comes now of a peculiarly brutal piece of

lawlessness in Assumption parish, the home

of Governor Nicholls. The house of a law-abiding colored man named John Lynn was broken open and entered by a mob of thirty-

five armed white men. In the darkness the mob could not see where their victim was stationed, so one of their number was or-

dered to strike a light. As soon as the light was made, Lynn, from his hiding place in the house, shot and killed the man who

nade it. The attacking party captured Lynn, and took possession of his home. Leaving several of their number to guard their prisoner and his home, they carried away the dead body of their accomplice and buried

Abiding Colored Citizen.

all concerned.

tween Two Days.

He was a coal miner and leaves a

Mason City, Ia., July 30 .- [Special Tele

on either proposition.

### GETTING AFTER MR. O'NEILL.

Mrs. Moore's Cause Championed By the Woman's National League.

A VICTORY FOR IRRIGATION.

Senator Bowen's Amendment Finally Passed-Who Will Succeed Ex-Governor Porter?-Mrs. Foster's Plans-Miscellaneous.

Making It Warm For O'Neill.

WASHINGTON BUREAU THE OMARA BEE, 513 FOURTEENTH STREET. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 30. The Woman's National league of this city has taken up the fight against Representative John F. O'Neill, of St. Louis, on behalf of the Mrs. Moore, who has made O'Neill so much trouble by claiming to be his wife and who protested against his marriage to a young woman in St. Louis last Wednesday, and have carried the case to the postmaster general and Cardinal Gibbons. The officers of the league say that O'Neill's influence secured a delay in the protest sent through the mails to the archbishop and other officers of the Catholic church in St. Louis, protesting against the congressman's marriage and an investigation has been demanded of the postmaster general. The appeal taken to Cardinal Gibbon is on the ground that sufficient protest was made to the officers of the church by telegraph and the cardinal promises to bring the case up in the church for trial if there is no recourse in the law. The United States district attorney here says that there is no law in the District of Columbia to punish seduction, bastardy and kindred crime, O'Neill is expected here every day with his bride and he is promised a warm reception by the Woman's league. Mrs. Moore is at the Belvidere hotel where she says she is about to become a mother. She has made an affidavit that the child is O'Neill's. Rev. P. J. Donahue, private secretary to the car-

dinal, was here to-day. A VICTORY FOR IRRIGATION. Senator Bowen's amendment to the sundry civil bill for the appropriation of \$250,000 for preliminary services for the purpose of building resorvoirs at the head waters of streams for storing of water and for the irrigation of and regions caused quite a lively debate in the senate this afternoon. The senators from the states of Nevada, and Colorado, together with Senators Manderson, Call and Morgan with Senators Manderson, can the Advance advocated the amendment, and Messrs. Plum and Beck opposed it. The amendment is in line with the bill introduced early in the session and favorably reported from Mr. Paddock's committee on the Mississippi river and its tributaries. Senator Manderson adand its tributaries. Senator Manderson advocated it earnestly and regretted the absence of his colleague, Senator Paddock, as that gentleman, he was sure, would have some warm words to sure, would have some warm words to sa, on behalf of the amendment. Senator Manderson called attention to the great benefit which has been derived from irriga-tion in Colorada and Nevada, and stated that during a visit to Arizona and New Mexico the geologists had pointed out to him the evidences of irrigating ditches that must have existed during the Spanish occupation. He called attention to the fact that what they once called the "great American desert" embraces in its area what is now the state of Nebraska and that during his stay in the state he has seen the arid region almost eliminated from the map through the advances in cultivation made possible by irrigation which has brought about an increased and more equable distribution of the rainfall. Experiments of this kind, he argued, would prove of enormous benefit to the whole country and he introduced into his remarks a letter from Governor Taylor calling the attention of the Nebraska delegation and through them of congress to the necessity of taking some steps towards pre-venting the further depetion of the water of the Platte. Senator Manderson thought that these reservoirs would make a vast amount of territory now incapable of cultivation as fertile as any in the land. Th amendment was finally adopted.

EX-GOVERNOR PORTER'S WITHDRAWAL. Indiana republicans in congress were con-siderably disappointed to-day upon receiving the announcement that ex-Governornor Albert Porter, their favorite, had refused to say Porter is stronger with the laboring ele ment than any other man in the state, but there are other aspirants to the nomination who have more strength in other direction and who will average up as well at the polls. It is probable that Major Steele of Marion, who has four times been elected to congress from a democratic district and is now a mem of the house, or General Alvin P. Hovey, of Evansville, who was elected to congres by 1,300 majority two years ago from a dis-trict having over three thousand democratic majority, will be the nominee. Both are im-mensely strong among the soldiers and the masses. The republicans from every state, recognize the importance of Hoosier gubernatoriai race and a keen Interest is shown.

Mrs. Foster secured.

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, the lowa temperance agitator and lawyer, who left yesterday morning for Pittsburg on her way home, has secured an engagement with the republican congressional committee. It is understood that she will speak in Maine, New Jersey, Connecticut, Michigan and places where the prohibitionists are strongest. Her ance principles are satisfied with the Bo resolution and like many other prohibition-ists she advocates the repeal of the whisky tax, believing it would clear the path for

MINOR MATTERS. Representative Strable of Iowa called up In the house to-day his bill appropriating \$150,000 for a public building at Sioux City, and secured its passage.

Chief Justice Fuller, who is in the city, talks of buying the clegant residence of James L. Barbour, the Asphalt mine man. The property cost over \$30,000, and is located on the Fourteenth street extension, one mile north of the executive mansion, and is one of the handsomest in the city. The residence is new, of Gothic architecture, Maine

stone, and is surrounded by four acres of grove and torraced grounds.

William H. Conger, of Loup City, Neb.
L. S. Elisworth, of Holdrege, Neb., and Fin-ley Burke, of Council Bluffs, were today admitted to practice before the interior depart-

C. S. Lake, Esq., United States pension agent at Des Moines, is in the city, ac-companied by Mrs. Lake and son Bruce. They are the guests of Mrs. General W. M. Dye, and will probably remain in the city ten days or a fortnight.

PERRY S. HEATH.

### TO BE THOROUGHLY SIFTED.

The Immigration Question Presented to the House.

WASHINGTON, July 30 .- Mr. McAdoo of New Jersey introduced in the house to-day, for reference to the committee on foreign affairs, a joint resolution calling for infor mation from our consuls in foreign countries relative to immigration to the United States. It provides that consuls, consul generals and ministers, resident of the United States, in foreigh countries from which come emi grants in considerable number to the United States, shall proceed to investigate the emigration from these countries with special reference to the following questions: First-Are these emigrants, or any part of

m, criminals, paupers, or incapacitated Second—Do the local or national authorities directly or indirectly assist, encourage, or pay for such emigration for political or other reasons, and, if so, to what extent? Third—Are these emigrants, or any por-tion of them, assisted to come to this country under labor contracts—against existing laws? Fourth—Are false inducements used by

steamship companies, labor contractors or others to insure emigration to the United

States!
Fifth—What part, if any, do the local and national authorities take with reference to these people coming to the United States!
Sixth—What societies, corporations, individuals or companies in foreign countries or in the United States are concerned in encour aging or assisting emigration to the United States, together with such other information concerning this subject as may be germane to the inquiry! To meet all necessary and legitimate ex-

penses \$10,000 is appropriated, to be used in the discretion of the secretary of state, to whom consular officers are to report their findings, and who is charged with the duty of transmitting them to congress.

#### THE CONTRACT LABOR LAW.

Several Important Changes Suggested By the Federation of Labor. Washington, July 30 .- The bill introduced by Senator Blair to-day at the request of the federation of labor to amend the law prohibiting the importation of foreign labor under contract, makes a number of changes in the phraseology of the law, as well as one or two changes of a somewhat important character. The first section, which made it unlawful to assist "the importation of foreigners into this country, under contract or agreement to perform labor," is amended by making it read: "The importation of any alien or foreign laborer, mechanic, artist or artisan, foreign laborer, mechanic, artist of the under agreement to perform labor." Another amendment does away with the prother amendment does away with the prother the accretary of the treasury to enter into a contract with state commissions to take charge of the execu-tion of the provisions of the act within the boundaries of their respective states, and designates the collectors of customs at the various ports as the persons upon whom shall devolve the duties heretofore authorized to be entrusted to the state commissions.

#### MR. CARLISLE'S TARIFF SPEECH. He Denies That He Had Anything to

do With the Printing of It. WASHINGTON, July 30 .- Speaker Carlisle furnishes the following statement in reference to the reports that his tariff speech had been set up in a "rat" office in Philadelphia.

"I have not seen the statement, but have been informed that such a charge has been made. There is no truth whatever in the statement. Five hundred copies of my speech on the tariff were ordered to be printed at the government printing office, and I have no connection with any order or con-tract for their publication. If they have been published at any other place it was done by somebody on his own responsibility and without my knowledge, and I am not respon-

Army Orders. Washington, July : 0 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.] -So much of the sentence of a general court martial (General court martial orders, No. 28, May 6, 1886, Department of the Platte) as shall remain unexpired October, 1888, is remitted in the case of John ber, 1838, is remitted in the case of John Kelley, late private, company H, Sixth infantry, now in the Leavenworth military prison, and he will be released on that day. Second Lieutenant Frederick R. Day, signal corps, will proceed from this city to Kansas City, Fort Robinson, Nebraska; Fort Laramie, Cheyonne, Forts Washakie and Rawiins, Wyoming Territory; Denver, Col.; Black's ranch and Fort Duchesne, Utah Territory, in the order in which those places are named, and make a thorough inspection of the signal stations located thereat. stations located thereat.

Collecting Relies of the War. Washington, July 30 .- The house commit tee on military affairs has ordered a favorable report on Mr. Townsend's resolution calling on the secretary of war for information respecting the condition of the flags guns and other relies of the last war now scattered about among the army I arsenals and navy yards of the country. object of the inquiry is to secure information necessary to the collection of those relics and

#### their deposit in some central museum. The Outhwaite Bill.

Washington, July 30 .- There is good reason to believe that the senate select committee on Pacific railroads will to-morrow report the Outhwaite bill to the senate unanimously, favorably and without amend-

### WOKE UP THE OFFICIALS.

In Accident Which Created a Slight Sensation in Chicago. Curcago, July 30,-A noise that resembled an earthquake made the city hall and county building officials wake up with a start this afternoon. There was a rock of nearly a ton in weight which had fallen from the second story of the rotunda, carrying about \$ 00 worth of the cornice with it, and smashing all before it. The affrighted workmen employed in making improvements there had fled in all directions, but when they returned they found none of their number missing. Two stories are being added to the building and the great mass of stone felt as it was

being hoisted into position by a derrick. Daring Daylight Robbery. ALBANY, N. Y., July 30 .- About 11 o'clock to-day P. K. Dederick, of the well-known firm of agricultural implement manufacturers, drove to the Mechanics' and Farmers' bank and secured sums amounting to about \$10,000, which he placed on his seat in the buggy. A man passing attracted his attention by saying there was something the mat-ter with the barness, and when Dederick's bead was turned a confederate rushed up

### and grabbed the bonds, making his escape.

Will Not Be Prosecuted. CHICAGO, July 30 .- Frank Chleboun, the man whose testimony was chiefly the cause of securing the indictment of his comrades in the anarchist "revenge" cases, was released on bail today. Though he was indicted with the others, the charges against him will not be pressed in consideration of his turning states evidence. The charges against Chle-boun in the justice court were dismissed this morning at the request of Inspector Bonfield. The reason for the dismissal, as entered on the record, was "for want of prosecution."

A Canadian Concession. OTTAWA, Ont., July 30 .- It is stated in official circles that in consequence of the protest of the American authorities against the regulations with respect to tolls on the Welland and St. Lawrence canais, the government will remove the present discrimination in favor of grain bound for Montreal.

#### To Search For Stanley. LONDON, July 30 .- Advices from Zanzi bar say that Prof. Jamieson, the naturalist, writes from Kasonge, on the Congo river,

that he is making preparations to leave with Major Bartelot, Tippoo Tib and 200 men to search for Henry M. Stanley. He says all the Europeans in the expedition are well. Father Conway's Will. CHICAGO, July 30 .- The will of the late Father Conway, vicar general of the Roman Catholic diocese of Chicago, was probated to-day. The estate, which is largely life in-surance, amounted to \$15,000. Half is divided among charitable institutions. The

remainder goes to his niece. Twenty-Five Thousand Loss PRITERIELD, Mass., July 30 .- The loss by the burning of the paper mill at Lee last night is now placed at \$25,000. Fully in-

A Steamer Sunk. WINONA, Minn., July 30 .- The steamer Belieview, with over one hundred excursionists on board, sunk near here late yesterday afternoon. The passengers were rescued.

## A WHOLE COUNTY INTERESTED

The Latest Developments in the Dakota Abduction Case.

A BLOODY FRACAS NEAR NELIGH.

Two Men and One Woman Very Badly Cut Up-Sunstroke at Nebraska City-A Norfolk Minis-

#### The Dakota Sensation.

FREMONT, Neb., July 30 .- [Special to THE Bes. |-The plot to the Shaver-Peterson abduction case, heretofore mentioned, continues to thicken. The writs of habeas corpus sued out to release Shaver, the preacher, were returnable at ten o'clock this morning, but owing to other writs having been sued out taking the case into the jurisdiction of the district court, these were not heard this morning. The latter were issued at the instance of the girl, to secure her release from the custody of the officers who are detaining her at the instance of her father, H. M. Steele. Peterson, the husband of the girl, is not here. He is being represented by Deputy Sheriff Walker, of Custer county, Dakota, who has employed on attorney. The writs of habeas corpus will be heard by Judge Marshall to-morrow afternoon, when several witnesses will arrive from Hermosa, Dakota. The whole question hinges on whether the girl is fifteen years old or not. If she is, then her father has a right to her guardianship and Shaver, who has a power of attorney from the father, will be justified in his action. This is on the ground that the Dakota statutes fix the age

of majority at fifteen years.

The career of the Peterson girl and her husband has been brief but it has been decidedly thrilling. One week ago yesterday the girl got permission of her father to visit a friend near Hermosa. When she arrived at her friend's house she found preparations being made for her (the friend's) marriage. She accordingly sent word to Peterson, her She accordingly sent word to Peterson, her lover, to join her there, whereupon the four drove to Rockville, where they were united as two lawfully wedded pair by Justice Monown. When the father of the girl discovered this secret marriage he was exceeding wroth. He had Peterson arrested and their tripic or traumpal was charged both tried twice on trumped-up charges, both trials resulting in his acquittal. It was while trials resulting in his acquittal. It was while he was under arrest the last time that Shaver began to appear in the case. Steele got him to go to the girl and pretend friendship for her, which he did, making her believe that he would take her to her husband. But in-stead of doing this he spirited her away and got her as far as Frement before they were stopped. The community from which they came is evidently taking a deep interest in the case. Sheriff Porter, of Custer county. the case. Sheriff Porter, of Custer county yesterday telegraphed to his deputy, Walker who is here representing Peterson, as follows: "The people are with you and Peterson and will furnish money. Return Shaver at all hazards." It begins to look as if all Custer county would be here before the case finally terminates.

Thinks the Sioux Will Not Sign. CHADRON, Neb., July 30.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—Little Chief, chief of all the Cheyenne Indians at Pine Ridge, camped here over Sunday with 300 Indians. To night they give a monstrous war dance at the ball park. Spotted Elk, brother-in-law of Red Cloud, and high among the council, in an interview to-day, said the general im-pression among the Sioux was not to sign

my more land away. To-day Little Chief, wearing a Harrison and Morton hat, was assaulted by an frish-man named J. Cavanaugh, who knocked off his hat and stamped it in the ground. The chief promptly lodged a complaint and Mr. Cavanaugh got five days in jail.

# The Board Was Too Eager.

HASTINGS, Neb., July 30 .- [Special to THE BEE.]-The recent action of the executive committee; of the Hastings board of trade in addressing to the state board of arbitration a protest against the reduction of the local tariff for railroads is not expressive of the feeling that prevails among the business men of this city. On the contrary, there is quite a strong sentiment opposed to the position taken by the committee, and not a little indignation is manifested over the matter. Th business men say that the board of trade committee has placed the city in a false position on the railroad question, although it is not probable that anyone will venture to openly antagonize railroad influences here.

A Bloody Row. NELIGH, Neb., July 30.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE. !-- About 12 o'clock last night a row occurred thirty miles southwest which will undoubtedly result fatally for a young man named Schmidt. Schmidt and hi sister and two brothers named Vandoschmiet were returning from a wedding in Ewing when a row commenced in which Schmidt when a row commenced in which Schmid-was fatally stabbed in the abdomen, his sister cut across the arm, one of the Vando-schmiets had a shoulder broken and was stabbed twice in the back and the other Vandeschmiet scriously injured about the head.

Don't Want Lower Rates. McCook, July 30 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-At a meeting of the McCook board of trade held to-day, resolutions were unanimously adopted protesting against the action of the state board of transportation in ordering a further reduction of local freight rates in Nebraska, as tending to obstruct further railroad ouilding in this part of the state and the completion of roads under way and those in contemplation. The board was unanimously of the opinion that the western portion of the state will be crippled and its progress returded by such action.

### A Clergyman Badly Huet.

NORFOLK, Neb., July 80 .- [Special Tele gram to THE BEE. ]-Rev. Mr. Whitmarsh, rector of the Episcopal society, was run over by a farm team this morning and considerably bruised about the face and head. It is not known yet whether his injuries are serious. The team was left standing unhitched and was frightened by the street cars. The farmer will be arrested.

### A Church Dedicated.

BLUE SPRINGS, Neb., July 30.- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The M. E. church was dedicated yesterday. Bishop Joyce of Cincinnati assisted and preached a very able sermon. Thirty-five bundred dollars was raised by the audience and this, with the \$1,500 church extension fund, pays up all in-debtedness. The building cost \$8,500. The Methodists are holding a camp meeting here and large; crowds attend it, mostly out of

### Burt County Prohibitionists.

OAKLAND, Neb., July 30 .- [Special to THE Beg. ]-The prohibition mass convention met at Tekamah Saturday and elected delegates to the state convention at Omaha and the congressional convention at Columbus, It was the largest prohibition convention ever held in Burt county. Another convention will be held August 21 to nominate a county

### A Sheriff Accidentally Shot.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 30 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- J. W. Crank, sheriff of Andrew county, accidentally shot himself while cleaning a revolver at his home in Savannah this morning, and will probably die. The ball entered the stomach and came out the left side. Sheriff Crank is well known in northwest Missouri and is one of

Two Sunstroke Victims. NEBRASHA CITY, Neb., July 30 .- [Special

# Telegram to THE BRE. To-day was the hottest day of the season. From different IN THE POLITICAL FIELD.

108°. Out of door work was nearly all suspended this afternoon. One case of sun-stroke is reported, that of Mrs. Stewart, of Kearney, a colored woman. Mrs. Jackson, who was overcome by heat Saturday, died last evening without regaining conscious-J. W. Hustin Reviews the Situation in Indiana.

THE GUBERNATORIAL CONTEST.

Workingmen Well Posted on the Leading Issues of the Day and Ral-

lying to the Support of

Harrison.

### The Indiana Republicans.

CHICAGO, July 30 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. !- A conference of the chairmen of the republican state committees of Indiana, Wisconsin, Michigan and Illinois, was held this afternoon. Chairman J. W. Huston, of Indiana, said, in regard to the situation in his state. "It is very hopeful."

BURWELL, Neb., July 30.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The second annual Gar-"Is there trouble in the republican party in field county teachers institute convened to-Indiana, growing out of the fact of ex-Goverday with twenty teachers in attendance and more expected tomorrow. Ex-County Superintendent W. T. Howard, of Schuyler, is the conductor. Much interest is being nor Porter taking the race for governor!" "I should say none. While Governor Por-

ter was evidently the choice of a majority of Indiana republicans, still I believe that other nominations might be made that would call forth in support of the ticket the greatest possible effort and enthusiasm. The republicans of Indiana have always been free in the expression of their individual preferences before the nominations, but after a nomination has been made they always give a united and de-termined support to the ticket. Being con-nected with the party organization, I have felt it rather my duty to look after the organization of the party than attempting to exert any influence in the selection of the party's candidates. It shall be my duty and and pleasure in my official connection with the party organization to give my best ener-gies to the election of the ticket, let it consist

whomsoever it may."
"Whom do you expect will head the

ticket!" Brandt of th's city for \$10,000. The petition "There have been a number of gentlemen for many years leaders of our party in the state, mentioned in connection with the nomination for governor, among whom I would mention the Hon. Will Cumback, of Greensburg: Governor Robertson, of Fort Wayne: Major Steele, of Marion, and the Hon. John M. Butler, of Indianapolis, any of whom would make acceptable candidates to the party generally."

"What is your opinion of the prohibition-ists of Indiana at the November election?"

"I feel quite confident that we can carry the state."

the state suit will bring out some sensational features of the way in which the late Monarch did its wild cat insurance business.

"Upon what do you base your opinion!"
"First, because the party generally believes in the necessity of thorough party organization, and because such organization is now being effected in every county in the state. Secondly, because the republicans of Indiana were never more enthusiastic or de-DES MOINES, Ia., July 30.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Micah French, of termined to succeed than at present. carried the state in 1886, electing our entire state ticket, as the result of party organiza-Nevada, Story county, has just joined the Tippecanoe roll of honor in this city as the tion, and our organization at this time, in my judgment, is far in advance of what it was at a like period in 1886. While I say that re-publicans generally are sanguine of success, at the same time their expectations are preoldest Harrison voter in Iowa. He was born during Washington's administration, cast his first vote for Monroe in 1816, and has voted for every whig and republican can-didate ever since. He is a pensioner of the war of 1812, having carried an English buldicated upon the assurance of the therough party organization and united effort upon the part of all. In fact, I have fre-quently heard republicant say that we should make this fight in Indiana as thoroughly and vigorously as we would had 20,000 majority lett in his body for seventy-six years, and is now ninety-seven years old and expects to vote for Harrison in November. to overcome.

"How about this mooted defection of the labor vote as against Mr. Harrison?" "I think it is greatly exaggerated. The gram to THE BEE. ]-Z. A. Cosgrove, former superintendent of the Prairie Du Chien ditrolled by misstatements or prejudices, but will thoroughly understand Senator Harrison's attitude toward the laboring classes. They will accord him credit for all he has done in their behalf. While it has been sought diligently to prejudice the laboring men against him, I think it will prove of avail. General Harrison's position of all vision of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, has been appointed superintendent of the lows and Dakota division, to succeed J. B. Moll, who has been appointed road mas-ter, with headquarters at Milwaukee. avail. General Harrison's position on all questions affecting the wage workers of this country has always been that of a true friend, and General Harrison has no more gram to THE BEE.]-At the special election of officers for the Sixth regiment, Iowa carnest or enthusiastic supporters in the National Guards, C. W. Boutin, of Hampton, was elected colonel; L. B. Raymond, of Hampton, lieutenant colonel, and J. N. state than such as belong to the laboring classes. Republican clubs, composed wholly of railroad men, are being organized in the railroad centers throughout the state, and they are most enthusiastic in General Harri-

ut this 'dollar a day for workingmen' and Mr. Harrison's Chinese question?"
"Mere bugaboos, such as should be used
only to scare children."

# Washington Briefs.

A bill was introduced in the house to-day to amend the inter-state commerce act so as to prevent discrimination in favor of the owners of tank cars, and to allow the fine

citizens. Representative Wherier, of Alabama, to-Ackley, Ia., burned this afternoon. The loss is estimated at about \$7,000. day introduced a bill directing the superintendent of the eleventh census to ascertain and publish the birth and death rate among the pure whites and among the negroes, Chinamen, Indians, half breeds or hybrids of any description or character of the human race who are found in the United States, as

well as of mulattoes, quadroons and octo Representative Sowden reported favorably today his bill appropriating \$70,000 for a public building at Allentown, Pa. The report after giving a number of statistics to show the importance of the business interests of the town, says that the bill is intended to meet the president's objections to the for-

Senator Cullom today introduced a bill to apprepriate \$75,000 for a public building at Galesburg, III. The nomination of Surveyor General Irish,

of Nevada, is again before the senate in secret session. He was rejected at the last session on the ground that he was appointed from Iowa to an office in Nevada. He was reappointed, however, and is still serving. is renominated this session as from Nevada, but is objected to on the ground that he is His nomination is re ported favorably from the committee,

Cause of the Arkansas Race War. Sr. Louis, July 30,-J. W. Ramsey, re cently deputy clerk of Crittenden county, Arkansas, and one of of the eighteen negroes driven out by the whites, arrived in St. Louis and will address a meeting to-morrow night on the condition of the negroes in the south. He says that the cause of the trouble there was that the whites did not want the negroes to hold offices.

#### General Harrison Recuperating. Indianapolis, July 30 .- General Harrison took a long drive this evening and prepared for another week of hard work and handshaking. For the present he is making no dates for visiting middle of August. visiting delegations beyond the

O'Donnell Files a Protest. London, July 30,-O'Donnell has sent a letter to the speaker, protesting against the proposed Parnell commission as an interference with his right of suing the Times in a

# THE BANK HAS MIGRATED.

### History of the Firm of Cameron &

Schmitbroth. Duncan Cameron, a Scotchman, and a recent arrival in this country, entered into a contract with James Schmitbroth on Friday last to go into the bakery business with him. Cameron had \$400 cash, and Friday evening he called on Schmitbroth's, 1917 Clark street, hm. Returning to Lynn they took him out and shot him to pieces, his body being perforated in no less than twelve places. This act be-came known all over the parish, but the of-ficers of the law have made no effort to capand requested him to keep his wealth for him over night, as he was afraid of losing it if he carried it about the city. Schmitbroth took the money, and that is the last that Cameron has seen of him, and the supposition is that he has jumped the towe. Cameture the midnight marauders. The colored people are considering a wholesale exodus from the parish on account of the entire withdrawal of the protection of the law from them ron is much broken up over his less, and the police are working diligently to bring the rascally Schmitbroth to justice.

#### HAD LEARNED SEVERAL THINGS. Commissioner Campbell Proves Him-

self to Be Very Well Informed. DES MOINES, Ia., July 30.-Commissioner Campbell was again on the stand to-day. He

thought that all roads having over \$4,000 a mile gross carnings should have the same schedule. The commissioner accepted the basis for fixing the rates made use of by railroad men, taking allowance, however, for earnings, expenses, curvatures, etc., etc., items apparently not considered by railroad rate makers. He believed that the people of Iowa would be losers by \$50,000 a day if the present injunction were to be made perpetual and the May 10th tariff continued. The wit-

ness produced some correspondence showing an increase of from 20 to over 50 per cent in rates under the May 10th tariff, and especially heavy discriminations against Iowa and in favor of Minneapolis on flour, and Chicago on lumber. He thought that if railroads could voluntarily accept extremely low rates on through business they could stand a re-duction on their high rates in Iowa.

duction on their high rates in lowa.

The counsel asked a series of questions designed to find out what the witness had learned since he became a commissioner.

Mr. Campbell told several things he had found out. One was that the commercial interest of the commercial interest of the commercial interest. terest of the state was suffering by reason of discrimination on the part of railroads. The proprietor of an oil mill at Boone, for instance, had been so discriminated against that he has compelled to discontinue business, and upon his representing to the Northwestern company that if he could not get relief he could not live, the company's officer told him, "He did not have to live," and he was compelled did not have to live," and he was compelled to tear down his mill and move to Missouri. A jobber of Dubuque had been offered by a railroad company free transportation of his goods if he would leave that city and take his business to Plattsmouth, Neb. He had also learned that the trunk lines had conducted their business to the prejudice and injury of the weaker roads about which they are so anxious now. roads about which they are so anxious now. He had found that the corporations had, within the last year, given special rates to individuals and localities in this state to the prejudice of other individuals and localities. Counsel wanted to know whether, in the opinion of the witness, the railroad tariff of May 10 was not one that simply abolished

such special rates.

Witness answered that it was not necessary that the companies, in abelishing these special rates, should hold on to the nighest rates in all cases, which he thought they did as a general thing. He believed in raising lower rates and reducing high ones when arranging schedules.

Sunstrokes at Sioux City. Sioux City, Ia., July 30.—[Special Tele gram to THE BEE. ]-The thremometer stood 110 in the shade this afternoon at 3 o'clock Work on many buildings had to be suspended. There were five cases of prostration.

Judge Miracle Dead. DES MOINES, Ia., July 30,-Judge D. D. Miracle of the district court of Humilton county died to-day in Webster City.

## TO GRADE THE MEMBERSHIP.

St. Joseph's Board of Trade Considers an Important Proposition. St. Joseph, Mo., July 30.- [Special Teleram to THE BEE. ] -At a called meeting of the board of trade, two propositions were submitted which will be carried and which will materially change the working and membership of the board. The first proposition was submitted by Mayor Englehart, president of the board of trade, and provides for the establishing of a graded membership fee so as to give mechanics, salaried men and profes-

sional men access to the board. The membership will consist of two classes, A. and B. The first will include the whole-sale and retail houses, manufacturers, packers, railroads and heavy ship-pers, whose annual fee shall be as now, \$25. The second class will be charged \$10 per annum, with all the privilege of class A, except that class A entitle the holder to two and one half votes and class B to one vote at the elections of the board. A committee was appointed to visit Omaha for the purpose of examining into the graded memberships proposition, and report at the next meeting. The board is consider ably exercised over the demand of the rail roads in regard to the grain shipments. It is complained that grain pur It is complained that grain pur-chased by the local dealers which must be shipped through St. Joe cannot be inspected by them at this point unless the local freight rate is paid to St. Joseph. A demand was made that the shippers should be allowed a through rate with the privilege of examining the grain when it should reach St. Joseph, and a delegate was appointed to attend a meeting in Omaha at proposition will be discussed. ureau will be established to take the place

#### of the present committee on railroads. THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

### A Motion to Increase the Number of

Judges Voted Down. London, July 30 .- The house of commons went into committee tenight on the Parnell commission bill. Mr. Sexton moved to in crease the number of judges, on the ground that if the commission was to inquire into the whole history of the national league three would be insufficient. Mr. Parnell urged the house to recollect that they were discussing a proposal to provide a substitute for a jury, and that it was unjust to leave the three men the settlement of questions of vital importance o Ircland. He also stated that he titled to protection from press attacks while

the inquiry was pending.

Mr. Sexton's amendment was voted down by a majority of forty-three votes. On suggestion of Mr. Paraell the solicitor eneral for Ireland agreed to adjourn the trial of O'Kelly to enable him to vote on the commission bill.

Mr. Smith having proposed that the com-

mission consist of Justices Hannen, Day and Smith, Mr. Labouchere protested against the selection of Day. He said that there was not a single judge in sympathy with those they were to try.

John Morley said that the commission had

been injudiciously selected, and that Day was a man of the seventeenth century in his diews concerning Catholics; that he regarded and believes them guilty of any crime, After a long discussion, participated in by several members of the house, a vote was taken, which resulted in 269 votes for Day 18 against him. Hannehan and Smith were agreed to without division.

#### O'Brien Awarded Damages. DUBLIN, July 30 .- The libel action of Will iam O'Brien against the Cork Constitution has resulted in a verdict in favor of O'Brien

£100 damages. O'Brien left Cork for

Dublin to-night. He said he considered the

verdict a death blow to Parnellism and crime Collision on the Burlington. QUINCY, Ill., July 30 .- A west bound fast train on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad collided with a freight car at Round

Grove, fifty miles west of Quincy, at 3 o'clock this morning. The fast train was running at full speed, and the freight car, which was loaded with grain, was knocked into kindling wood. The engine is a complete wreck nothing being left of it but the beiler and pile of trucks. The engineer and fireman were both badly injured, but not fatally. None of the passengers were hurt. freight cars were standing on a side track at Round Grove, and it is thought that one of them ran through the switch to the main track, as the brake was out of order. are some suspicious that the car was placed on the main line for the purpose of wrecking

#### Bartley Campbell Dead. NEW YORK, July 30 .- Bartley Campbell,

the well known playwright, died at the Bicomington asylum for the insane this

## THE TRUST INVESTIGATION.

Report Submitted to the House by the Committee.

TWO COMBINATIONS TOUCHED.

Result of the Inquiry Into the Stand. ard Oil and Sugar Monopolies-

#### How the Companies are Operated.

#### Made Their Report.

WASHINGTON, July 30 .- The house commitee on manufactures to-day submitted the following report concerning the investigation of trusts, which was ordered printed: The committee on manufactures respectfully report that, acting on the authority and resolution of this house passed January 25, they have proceeded to investigate and inquire into the matters and things referred to in said resolution; and having examined

quiry and investigation and respectfully report the following resolution with the recommendation that it pass. Your committee further report that the names of the various trusts and combina-tions have been furnished to your committee; that the number of such combinations is

witnesses and papers in relation thereto, they have been unable to complete such in-

large, and that your committee, in calling witnesses and taking testimony, proceeded upon the following plan of investigation—i. e., 1. With relation to trusts or combinations n lines of business which are connected with

or use articles in which there exists a com-petition in our market between the domestic product and the foreign product, imported and dutiable under our tariff laws.

2. With relation to such combinations deal-ing in articles which are not imported into

this country or are not subject to import duties.
3. With relation to such combinations dealing in articles which are subject to taxa-tion under the internal revenue laws of the

United States.

Your committee has particularly directed its inquiry into the methods and extent of the business done or controlled by the sugar trust and the Standard oil trust, and respectfully submit herewith testimony taken. before it in relation to these two trusts. Both of them are organized upon substantially the same plan. From the testimony it appears that there exists a certain number of corporations, organized under the laws of the different states, and subject to their control; that these corporations have issued their stock to various individuals, and that these individual stockholders have surrendered their stock to stockholders have surrendered their stock to trustees named in the agreement creating these trusts, and accepting in lien thereof certificates issued by the trustees named therein. The agreements provide that the various corporations whose stock is surrendered to the trustees shall preserve their identity and carry on their business. In the sugar trust the agreement provision is that the several corporations shall maintain their separate orporations shall maintain their separate or-g nizations and each shall carry on and conduct its own business. In the Standard oil trust the agreement is provided that all property, real and personal, ussets and business, shall be transferred to and vested in said several companies. The duties of the trustees are restricted to the receipts of the dividends declared by the various corporations and the distribution of the ag-gregate of them to the holders of trust cergregate of them to the holders of trust cer-tificates pro rata, and to holding and voting upon the stock of the corporation. The trus-tees in both cases, upon the stand as wit-nesses, specifically denied that the trustees, as such, ever do any other business than to receive and distribute these dividends and exercise the only other function given to them by the trust agreements—that is, to held the stock of the various corporations hold the stock of the various corporations and exercise the right of stockholders in a corporation. The care with which the trustees avoid making any agreement lating to the commodities appears from testimony as to the arrangement with the oil producers' association in the fall of 1887. The officers of the producers' association testifled that the agreement was then made with the Standard Oil trust by which 5,000,000 barrels of oil belonging to the Standard Oil trust was to be set apart for the benefit of the association upon its agree-

ment to curtail the production of crude oil at least 17,000 barrels per diem. The witnesses undoubtedly understood that the arrangements were with the trustees of the Standard Oil trust, but a written agreement produced, and now in evidence, shows that it was made with and is signed by the Standard Oil company, of New York, one of the com-panies whose stock is held by the trustees, and that the Standard Oil trust, or the trusand that the Standard On are not tees thereof as such, are not to it, nor is either of them re-sponsible for the carrying out of the agree-ment. This form of combination was obviously desired for the purpose of relieving the trusts and trustees from the charge of any breach of conspiracy laws of the various states, or of being a combination to regulate or control the price or production of any commodity. Hence they assert that the corporations themselves, which control and regulate the price of commodities and the extent of production, and having tangible property, re-main with their organization intact and distinet, and not in combination with each other; that the stockholders who owned only the stock and by well-settled legal rules had no legal title in the property that the stockholders who owned the stock and by well-s of the corporations, entered into agreements and sold their steck in the corporations and

accepted in payment trust certificates, and that the trustees receive and hold only the stock of the corporations and have no legal right to any of the property of the corporation, and neither buy nor sell anythin. For combine with any one to fix prices or regulate the production of any commodity. late the production of any commodity.

The report goes on to say that it is plain that the combinations, the testin ony concernthat the combinations, the combined of the charge that the charge that the trust, as such, or the ble, the charge that the trust, as such, or the trustees in that capacity, either fixed the price or regulated the production of an arti

# Welcomed to Denmark.

Corentagen, July 30 .- The German and Danish squadrons met at 9 o'clock this morning a short distance south of Deragor. King Christian of Denmark and Crown Prince Proderick boarded the imperial yacht Hohen-Frederick boarded the imperial yacht Hohen-zotlern, which was flying the Danish colors, and extended a cordial greeting to Emperor William. The sailors of the German vessel manned the yacht and cheered the Danish squadron. Emperor William accompanied King Curistian and the crewn prince back to the Danish yacht, which displayed the Ger-

the Danish yacht, which displayed the German flag, and was brought to this city.

The party reached shore in a cutter. The batteries fired a salute in honor of the German emperor. The emperor, after meeting the members of the royal family, was presented to the ministers, members of the diplomatic corps, and presidents of the Danish-German exhibition. When these formalities were concluded, the king and emperor inspected the guard of honor and then drove to Amalienberg castle. After luncheon the em-Amalienberg castle. After luncheon the em-peror visited the exhibition. The route there

was crowded with people. Vestibule Injunction Set Aside. CHICAGO, July 30,-In the United States circuit court here today, Judge Blodgett presiding, the suit in favor of the Pullman Pal-ace Car company and against the Wagner Palace Car company and Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroad company, to enjoin the use of vestibule cars, was called up and the defendants giving bond with W. K. Vanderbilt and others as surcties, to the approval of the court, to secure the Puliman company

#### against damage, the order of injunction was set aside and dissolved, pending a final hearing, which will be in October next. The Weather Indications. For Nebraska: Cooler, winds becoming

northerly.
For Iowa: Fair, cooler, winds becoming northerly.
For Dakota: Fair, stationary temperature followed Tuesday night by warmer, generally northerly winds.